

CHARACTERS INTERVIEWED IN THE FILM

The Sorrow and the Pity; a Film. By Marcel Ophuls, tr. Mireille Johnston. New York: Outerbridge & Lazard, 1972. xxix-xxxix.



GEORGES BIDAULT. (1899-)
Bidault was imprisoned by the Germans from 1941 to 1943. Upon release he joined the "Combat" wing of the Resistance movement and published the *Bulletin de la France combattante*. After Jean Moulin was arrested in 1943, Bidault became president of the "Conseil national de la Résistance" (CIN), the group created by Moulin to coordinate Resistance movements in both zones of France. After the war, Bidault became Secretary of Foreign Affairs and served as Prime Minister from 1949 to 1950. His strong opposition to de Gaulle's stance in favor of Algerian independence led him to exile in Brazil. After a general amnesty was declared for opponents of Algerian independence in 1967, he returned to France where he is now living.



MATHEUS BLEIBINGER
A mason from Bavaria. Bleibinger was taken prisoner by the Auvergne maquis in Clermont-Ferrand at the time of the Liberation.



CHARLES BRAUN
Restaurant owner in Clermont-Ferrand.



MAURICE BUCKMASTER
Retired British colonel. Former director of the British espionage network (S.O.E.).



PIERRE LE CALVEZ
Movie theater owner in Clermont-Ferrand. After German troops occupied the southern zone of France in November, 1942, le Calvez's movie theater was renamed a "Soldatenkino," a theater showing movies for German soldiers.



COMTE RENE DE CHAMBRUN
Chambrun is the son-in-law of Pierre Laval. For twenty years he has been trying to rehabilitate Laval's reputation and clear his name from accusations of treason. The enormous file gathered by him and his wife was published in France in three volumes by Plon, and published in the U.S. by The Hoover Institute.



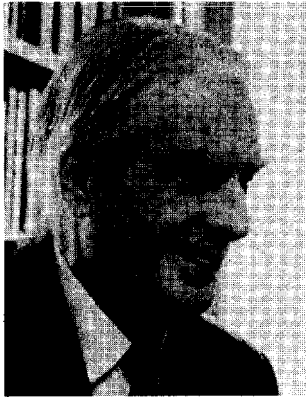
EMILE COULAUDON
Formerly called "Colonel Gaspar" while serving as the head of the Auvergne maquis group of the Resistance, Coulaudon now works for the Philips Company in Clermont-Ferrand.



MESSIEURS DANTON and
DIONNET
Monsieur Danton is a teacher at the Lycée Pascal in Clermont-Ferrand. Monsieur Dionnet is a librarian at the same school.



JACQUES DUCLOS, (1896-)
During the First World War, Duclos was wounded and taken prisoner by the Germans. After the war he joined the Communist Party and was elected to the Chamber of Deputies in 1926. He served until 1932, and was re-elected in 1935. In 1958 he was elected to the Senate. He played an important part in the Popular Front alliances prior to the outbreak of World War II, and during the war he became the head of the clandestine Communist Party of France. He is the editor of various newspapers and regularly writes editorials for the Communist daily *l'Humanité*

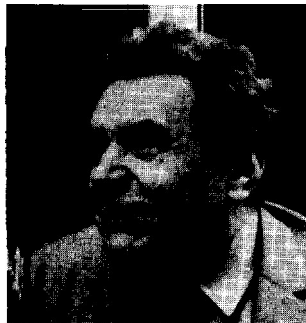


ROBERT ANTHONY EDEN,
FIRST EARL OF AVON,
(1897-)

Anthony Eden served as Great Britain's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs from 1935 to 1938, and as Secretary of War during 1940. From 1940 to 1945 he was once again Secretary for Foreign Affairs, and from 1942 to 1945, leader of the House of Commons as well. He became Prime Minister of Great Britain in 1955 and remained in that office until 1957. He published his memoirs, *Full Circle*, in 1960.



FLIGHT SERGEANT EVANS
Retired British pilot, shot down in Auvergne while flying an RAF mission in May, 1944.



MARCEL FOUCHÉ-DEGLIAME
Former leader in the "Combat" wing of the Resistance movement, and editor of their newspaper of the same name. The "Combat" group consisted mostly of French officers and Christian Democrats.



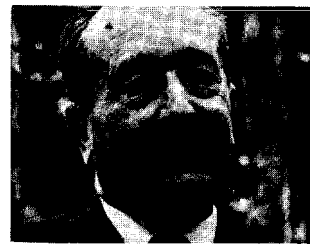
RAPHAEL GEMINIANI
Champion professional cyclist from Clermont-Ferrand.



ALEXIS GRAVE
Farmer in Yronde, a hamlet near Clermont-Ferrand. He is the brother of Louis Grave.



LOUIS GRAVE
Brother of Alexis Grave, also a farmer in Yronde.



COLONEL R. DU JONCHAY
A retired French colonel formerly active in the Resistance; an anticommunist with Catholic monarchist leanings.

MARIUS KLEIN
Shopkeeper in Clermont-Ferrand.



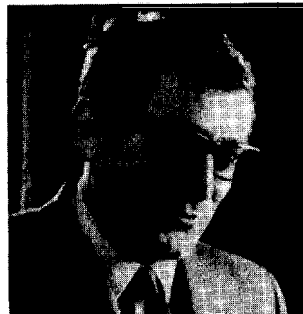
GEORGES LAMIRAND
Lamirand served as Minister of Youth from 1941 to 1943 under the Vichy government. He is now mayor of La Bourboule, a small town near Clermont-Ferrand.



MONSIEUR LEIRIS
Former mayor of Combronde, a small town near Clermont-Ferrand; Resistance fighter in the Auvergne maquis.



DR. CLAUDE LEVY
A writer and biologist once active in the "Franc-Tireur" group within the Resistance movement. He has written the most complete account of Jewish persecution in France during the Occupation.

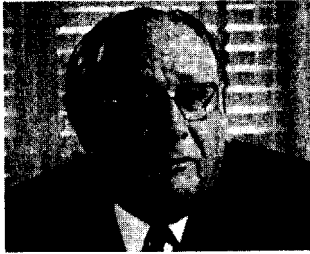


CHRISTIAN DE LA MAZIERE
The son of an aristocratic family, a youthful supporter of the extreme right-wing in 1940, de la Maziere served during the war as a volunteer for the "Charlemagne" company, the French division of the Waffen S.S. who fought with the Germans on the Eastern Front. In 1972 he published his memoirs of the period, *Reveur easque*.



PIERRE MENDES-PRANCE,
(1907-)
A lawyer, Mendes-France served as a deputy from the department of Eure in Normandy from 1932 to 1939. In 1934 he was elected Mayor of Louviers, a town in Normandy. In the 1936 Popular Front government of Leon Blum, he was named Undersecretary of State for Finance. In 1938 he flew on missions to Syria. As a consequence of the Massilia affair, he was arrested in Morocco in August, 1940, and taken to jail in Clermont-Ferrand in October, where he was convicted of desertion and sentenced to six years in prison. Two years later he escaped to London, where he joined the Lorraine unit of the RAF and flew numerous missions over France. Immediately after the Liberation, de Gaulle named Mendes-France his Secretary of Finance. He served again in the Chamber of Deputies from 1946 to 1955 and, as Prime Minister from 1954 to '55, he successfully negotiated an end to the war in Indochina. His memoirs of his trial and imprisonment, *Liberte, liberte cherie*, were published by Didier in New York in 1943.

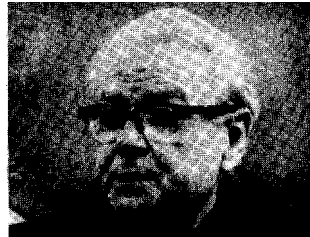
COMMANDANT MENUT
French army officer from Clermont-Ferrand, formerly active in the Resistance movement.



DR. ELMAR MICHEL Chairman of the Board of Salamander Shoes, Inc., a major West German shoe manufacturer also active in France and England. During the occupation, Michel served as general economic advisor to the German Military Command in France.



MONSIEUR MIOCHE Owner of hotel in Royat, a village on the outskirts of Clermont-Ferrand. The hotel was used during the occupation to house German forces.



DENIS RAKE Denis Rake served inside occupied France as an intelligence agent for the S.O.E., the British espionage network.



MAITRE HENRI ROCHAT A lawyer from Clermont-Ferrand, Rochat defended Pierre Mendes-France in his trial for desertion in Clermont-Ferrand at the end of 1940.



DR. PAUL SCHMIDT Chief interpreter for Adolf Hitler from 1934 to 1944.



MADAME SOLANGE Hairdresser from Chateaugue, a little village outside Clermont-Ferrand.



MAJOR GENERAL SIR EDWARD SPEARS, (1886-). Spears became the British Prime Minister's personal representative to the French Minister of Defense in May 1940. A month later, after the German-French armistice, he was appointed head of the British mission to General de Gaulle. During the war he conducted missions to Syria and Lebanon. His book concerning Petain and de Gaulle, *Two Men Who Saved France*, was published in 1966.



HELMUT TAUSED
Former Wehrmacht captain stationed in Clermont-Ferrand from 1942 to 1944.



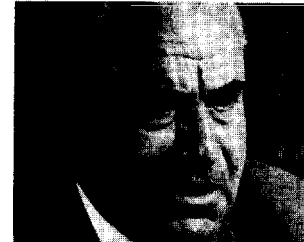
ROGER TOUNZE
Editor for *La Montagne*, a newspaper in Clermont-Ferrand.



MARCEL VERDIER
Pharmacist in Clermont-Ferrand.



EMMANUEL D'ASTIER DE LA VIGERIE, (1900-1969)
Emmanuel d'Astier de la Vigerie, a navy officer who joined the Resistance after the collapse in 1940, created the 'Mouvement Liberation Sud,' one of the most important Resistance organizations in Vichy France. In 1942 he was sent to London, and afterwards to Algiers. After the Liberation, he was appointed Secretary of Interior by de Gaulle and he



published the daily newspaper *Liberation*. He later became president of the World Council for Peace and was named Chevalier de la Legion d'Honneur. He died in 1969.

GENERAL WALTER WARLIMONT, (1895-)
During the First World War, Warlimont served as Battery Commander for the German forces in the West and in Italy. In 1929 he was attached to the U.S. Army for one year to study industrial mobilization. In the summer of 1939 he was appointed military ambassador of the Third Reich's War Minister to General Franco in Spain. In 1938 he was named chief of the National Defense section of the Supreme Command of the Wehrmacht. He was subsequently promoted to lieutenant general. In September of 1944 he was transferred to the OKH Command pool. In 1962 he wrote *Inside Hitler's Headquarters 1939* 45, which was published in the U.S. in 1964.